HOW TO OBTAIN A PROFESSIONAL VISA (H-1B)

By Christopher A. Kerosky

The INS has a special visa for temporary foreign professionals hired by a U.S. employer, known as the H-1B. H-1Bs can be hired only for "specialty occupations," jobs requiring the equivalent of at least a bachelor's degree in the field. They must be professionals such as doctors, engineers, professors, accountants, lawyers, physical therapists, and computer professionals, but can apply to a host of other jobs. Under current law, no more than 107,510 H-1B visas can be issued this year, with the cap dropping to 65,000 per year next year.

In order to qualify, the employer must demonstrate that the position requires a professional in a specialty occupation and that the intended employee has the required qualifications. Typically, the minimum qualification is a university (bachelor's) degree or its equivalent. Employers must also pay a wage to every H-1B worker the prevailing wage, that is at least as much as what is typically paid in the region for that type of work. Employers cannot make the H-1B non-immigrants work under conditions different from their U.S. counterparts.

Since 1998, H-1B employers are required to pay an additional fee per visa to fund education and training programs for U.S. workers. The fee is currently \$1,000, in addition to a \$96 filing fee.

The H-1 visa is issued for 3 years, but can be extended up to 7 years. Presently, the processing of such visas takes between 4-6 months. As such it often is the quickest method of obtaining legal status with the right to work in the U.S. and a good alternative for persons with a university degree.

About the author

CHRISTOPHER A. KEROSKY has practiced law since 1984 and has handled over 1000 immigration cases. He graduated from University of California, Berkeley Law School and was a former counsel for the U.S. Department of Justice in Washington D.C.